SUMMARY OF UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA SCOPING REVIEW

NEW STUDY BY: THE UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA MEL & ENID ZUCKERMAN COLLEGE OF PUBLIC HEALTH



"From a health and safety perspective, we found no empirical data to support one hand-drying method [hand dryers vs paper towels] over another."

>> KELLY REYNOLDS, PH.D., DIRECTOR OF THE ENVIRONMENT, EXPOSURE SCIENCE & RISK ASSESSMENT CENTER, UNIVERSITY OF ARIZONA



The great debate of hand dryers vs. paper towels has gone on for years through studies largely funded by the paper towel industry—and most recently via news articles and viral news articles and social media posts. The problem with these stories is that they are often one sided and written in a manner to either sensationalize —elicit fear—or both.

IN SHORT: THEY DO NOT TELL THE WHOLE STORY OR SHARE THE WHOLE TRUTH.

To wade through materials and point to the facts, researchers from the University of Arizona reviewed existing studies. Their findings, published in the Journal of Applied Microbiology in August 2020, identified which hygiene studies are credible and should be consulted for their results and recommendations.

ANSWERS TO RESEARCH QUESTIONS:

ARE HAND DRYERS MORE HYGIENIC THAN PAPER TOWELS?

Hand dryers and paper towels were both found to be equally hygienic hand-drying solutions.

ARE PAPER TOWELS SAFER THAN HAND DRYERS RELATIVE TO HUMAN INFECTION RISKS?

From a health and safety perspective, empirical data in available research studies does not support one hand-drying method over another.

RIGOR SCORING

A relative rigor score was calculated by assigning a Positive (+) = two, Neutral= one; Negative (-)= zero to the following categories:

- Sample Size
- Methodology
- Funding
- Data Quality
- Realistic Conditions
- The researchers categorized and prioritized studies based on their scientific rigor in study design. In short: they looked at the credibility of the findings of these previous studies, and identified each study's strengths and weaknesses.

SAMPLE SIZE

LARGER SAMPLE SIZES GENERALLY PROVIDE MORE ACCURATE MEAN VALUES, IDENTIFY OUTLIERS THAT COULD SKEW THE DATA IN A SMALLER SAMPLE, AND PROVIDE A SMALLER MARGIN OF ERROR.

The number of participants in the studies ranged from a few to greater than 100.

| Sample Size | Count |
|--------------------|-------|
| Positive (+)= two | 7 |
| Neutral= one | 9 |
| Negative (-)= zero | 7 |

METHODOLOGY

METHODOLOGY THAT IS INCONSISTENT BETWEEN PARTICIPANTS OR THAT IS DIFFICULT TO REPLICATE IS UNLIKELY TO YIELD ACCURATE RESULTS. THE MAJORITY OF THE STUDIES INCLUDED AS PART OF THE REVIEW DID NOT HAVE A METHODOLOGY THAT WAS CONSIDERED A FAVORABLE STUDY ATTRIBUTE.

Research methodology includes the specific procedures or techniques used to identify, select, process, and analyze information about a topic.

| Methodology | Count |
|--------------------|-------|
| Positive (+)= two | 8 |
| Neutral= one | 10 |
| Negative (-)= zero | 5 |



THE STUDY THAT WAS FOUND TO HAVE THE HIGHEST RIGOR SCORE:

- EFFECTS OF 4 HAND-DRYING METHODS FOR REMOVING BACTERIA FROM WASHED HANDS: A RANDOMIZED TRIAL, PUBLISHED BY THE MAYO CLINIC.
- REPORTED NO SIGNIFICANT DIFFERENCE AMONG HAND DRYING METHODS.
- RIGOR SCORE OF II

"...THERE IS NO DIFFERENCE IN BACTERIA COUNTS WHEN DRYING WITH PAPER TOWELS OR HAND DRYERS."



REALISTIC CONDITIONS

SOME STUDIES APPLIED PAINT TO PARTICIPANT'S HANDS DURING THE STUDY. WHILE THIS COULD HELP EVALUATE POTENTIAL CONTAMINATION OF RESTROOM SURFACES, IT DOES NOT HELP TO INVESTIGATE OR REPORT ON GERM TRANSFER, SURVIVAL, EXPOSURE POTENTIALS, OR HEALTH OUTCOMES.

The majority of the studies were not conducted in conditions one might encounter in the real world.

| Realistic Conditions | Count | |
|----------------------|-------|--|
| Positive (+)= two | 7 | |
| Neutral= one | 9 | |
| Negative (-)= zero | 7 | |

FUNDING

FIVE STUDIES FAVORING PAPER TOWELS WERE FUNDED BY THE EUROPEAN TISSUE SYMPOSIUM, A TRADE ASSOCIATION THAT REPRESENTS THE MAJORITY OF TISSUE PAPER PRODUCERS THROUGHOUT EUROPE. ADDITIONALLY, 4 OF THESE 5 STUDIES WERE CONDUCTED BY THE SAME RESEARCH COLLABORATORS.

The majority of the studies were sponsored by industries with potential-biased interests.

| Funding | Count |
|-----------------------------|-------|
| Private Funding Source | 15 |
| Public Funding Source | 6 |
| Funding Source Not Reported | 1 |
| None | 1 |

DATA QUALITY

THE QUALITY OF DATA WAS FOUND TO BE A STRENGTH OF 7 STUDIES.

The quality of the findings, that is, their credibility and repeatability, were examined as part of the scoping review.

| Data Quality | Count |
|--------------------|-------|
| Positive (+)= two | 7 |
| Neutral= one | 11 |
| Negative (-)= zero | 5 |

A COMMON OBSERVATION IN THE RESEARCHER'S ANALYSIS IS THAT MOST OF THE STUDIES, REGARDLESS OF CONCLUSION, LACKED SUFFICIENT RIGOR TO FORM DEFENSIBLE CONCLUSIONS.

RIGOR SCORE RESULTS

| Institution Clinician | Favored Scenario | Relative Score | Sample Size | Methodolgy | Realistic Conditions | Data Quality |
|--|---------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---|---|-----------------|
| Mayo Clinic | - | 11 | ~ | ~ | _ | ~ |
| Mutters & Warnes | Ξ | 10 | ~ | | | ~ |
| Ansari et al. | | 7 | * | Image: A start of the start of | * | ~ |
| European Tissue Symposium | | 7 | * | ~ | | |
| Consejo Nacional de Ciencia y Tecnología | N/A | 7 | | ~ | | |
| European Tissue Symposium | | 7 | - | ~ | × | ~ |
| Sloan Valve | | 7 | * | ~ | - | * |
| Pitt et al. | | 6 | - | — | ~ | — |
| Georgia-Pacific Health Smart Institute | N/A | 6 | ~ | * | | ~ |
| Hygiene Higher Ltd. Scott Ltd., Initial Industrial Services | | 6 | ~ | * | * | ~ |
| Building Works Directorate, Department of Health and Social Security | | 6 | _ | _ | × | ~ |
| NSERC and Canadian Institute of Health Research | N/A | 5 | * | ~ | * | _ |
| New Zealand Towel Services | N/A | 5 | ~ | * | | * |
| Snelling et al. | | 5 | — | × | — | — |
| SCA Hygiene Products | | 5 | ~ | - | * | — |
| European Tissue Symposium | | 5 | - | - | - | - |
| Deakin University Spotless Hygiene Systems | | 5 | | - | * | * |
| Warner Howard Group Ltd | | 4 | × | - | - | - |
| University Hospital Kuala Lumpur | | 4 | × | - | Image: A start of the start of | × |
| European Tissue Symposium | | 4 | - | ~ | * | × |
| United States Food & Drug Administration | N/A | 4 | - | - | × | - |
| European Tissue Symposium | | 3 | * | — | * | - |
| College of Nursing University of Tsukuba | | 2 | * | * | - | - |
| Study Fav | ors Hand Dryers | Stud | dy Favors Both Ec | qually | Study Favors Pap | er Towels |

THE SCOPING REVIEW WAS ACCEPTED FOR PUBLICATION IN THE JOURNAL OF APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY In August, 2020 and is accessible by visiting the following link:

Positive

COMPARISON OF ELECTRIC HAND DRYERS AND PAPER TOWELS FOR HAND HYGIENE: A CRITICAL REVIEW OF THE LITERATURE

Neutral

X Negative